Honors United States History

Unit 8: The Roaring 20s and The New Deal





Unit 8: The 1920s and the New Deal

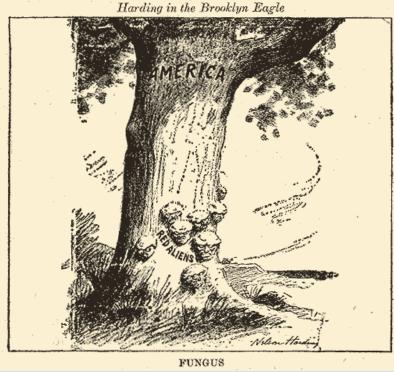
Sec 1 – The Roaring 20s



Red Scare

- Fears of Communism following the Russian Revolution
 - May spread to the US.
- Sacco and Vanzetti Executed in 1927.





Bartolomeo Vanzetti and Nicolo Sacco

Nativism

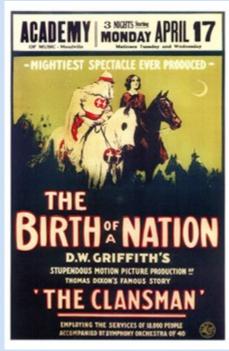
- Isolationist Americans felt they had no use for immigrants.
 - Quotas placed on immigrants coming to America.

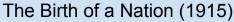




The KKK

- Nativism and the intolerance of the American pubic led to a rebirth of the Ku Klux Klan
 - It fell apart in the late 1920s corruption and embezzlement.



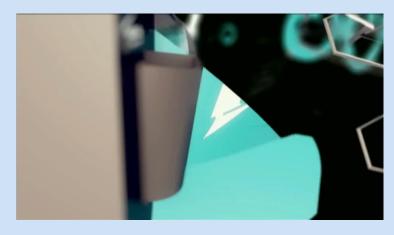




Prohibition

- The 18th Amendment, passed in 1919, banned alcohol.
 - Hard to enforce.
- "Speakeasies" replaced saloons.





Prohibition

- Al Capone alcohol trafficking – found guilty of tax evasion.
- Gangsters move into prostitution, gambling, narcotics, and kidnapping for ransom.
 - Lindbergh baby kidnapping





The Scopes Trial

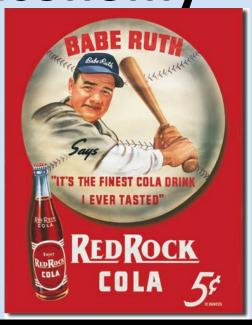
- Fundamentalists claimed that the teaching of Darwinism evolution contributed to the moral breakdown of youth.
- The "Monkey Trial," John Scopes taught evolution in Tennessee. Found guilty and fined \$100.
 - Clarence Darrow (defense attorney) William Jennings Bryan (prosecution attorney)



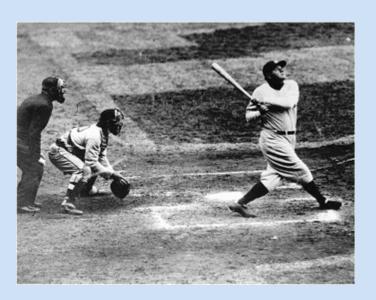


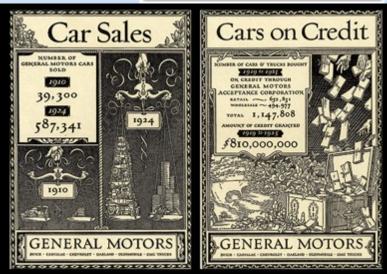
The Mass-Consumption Economy

- Economic prosperity
- Rise in advertising
- Sports became big business in the consumer economy.
- Buying on credit led to increased personal debt.



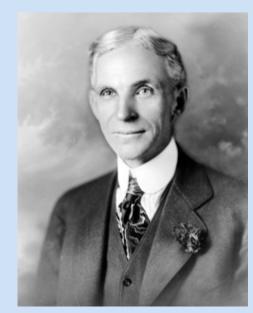
Babe Ruth →

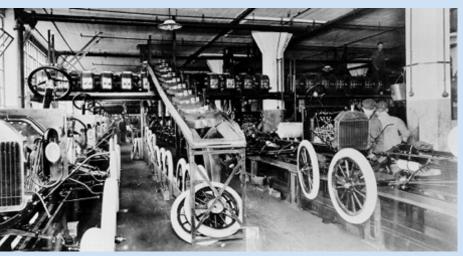




The Model T

- The automobile industry grew (Detroit)
- Henry Ford, father of the moving assembly line (Fordism), created the Model T.
 - Growth in Suburbs





Women and the 20s



- Margaret Sanger birth-control movement.
- Alice Paul campaign for an Equal Rights Amendment to the Constitution.
- Flappers: young women who expressed their disdain for traditional women behavior. – Part of a dance craze in youth culture





African Americans and the 20s

- Jazz thrived in the 1920s.
- Racial pride grew in the northern black communities.
 - Marcus Garvey and the resettlement of Africa.
- Harlem Renaissance: Celebration of African American art and culture.
 - Harlem, New York



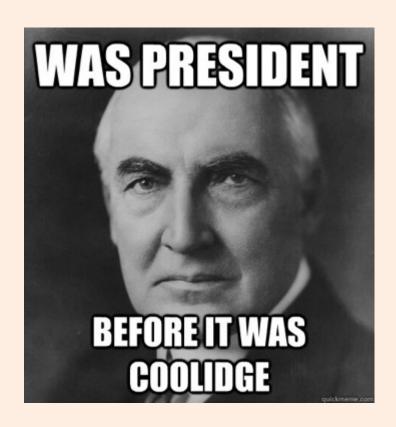




Marcus Garvey

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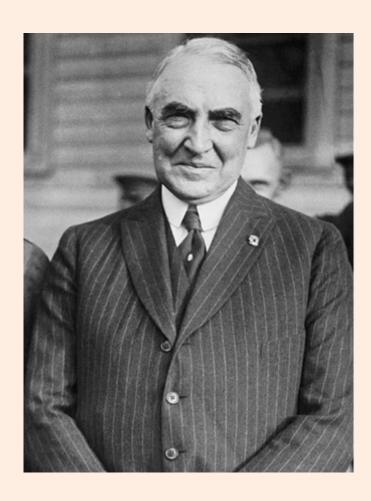
Sec 2 – Politics of the 20s



Harding as President

- Warren G. Harding -Unable to detect corruption in his own staff.
- Expand corporations and de-regulate businesses – economic growth
- Teapot Dome Scandal





President Coolidge

- President Harding died in 1923.
- Vice President <u>Calvin Coolidge</u> took over following Harding's death. Extremely shy and boring.
- Coolidge did not change the business-friendly policies that Harding had created.
 - Won re-election in 1924



Harding and Coolidge



